## **CHEMICAL RESIDUE ANALYSIS**

Increasingly, chemical residue analyses are required for two main reasons:

- environmental specifications
- effects on subsequent processing (particularly dying)

Most of the analyses required arise from some form of environmental specification – whether the fibre is intended to be incorporated in products carrying a environmental quality label (e.g. "Ecolabel"), or due to constraints imposed on subsequent processors (such as the "Water Quality Framework" in the UK). Analyses commonly required under this category include:

- pesticide residues
- detergent residues see Info-bulletin 5.10
- mothproofing agents see Info-bulletin 5.11
- residual phenols

Analyses undertaken to provide information to subsequent processors of the wool include:

- pH
- alkali solubility
- extent of bleaching

FOR ENQUIRIES

Or contact us at:

PO Box 15062

Tel:

Fax:

Email us at NZ.wool@sgs.com

+64.4.387.8565 +64.4.387.8651

48 Kemp Street, Kilbirnie

Wellington, New Zealand

• grease and ash residuals



Investigative analyses may also be undertaken in cases of claims of damage to fibre consignments (eg. wet wool – damage by sea-water or rain?)

Residue analyses may be carried out in-house, at our Auckland laboratory, or subcontracted to accredited specialist laboratories.

WHEN YOU NEED TO BE SURE

© 2011 SGS. All rights reserved. The information contained herein is provided "as is" and SGS does not warrant that it will be error-free or will meet any particular criteria of performance or quality. Do not quote or refer any information herein without SGS' prior written consent. Any unauthorized alteration, forgery or falsification of the content or appearance of this document is unlawful and offenders may be prosecuted to the fullest extent of the law.



## WWW.SGS.COM/AGRICULTURE